



PART OF SPEECH

By
Nitish Agrawal...

Part of Speech :- A Part of Speech is a category to which a word is assigned according to its meaning and function in a sentence.

There are 8 Parts of Speech in English Grammar :-

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| 1) Noun | → Naming words |
| 2) Pronoun | → Used in place of Noun |
| 3) Verb | → Words that show action or state |
| 4) Adjective | → Words that describe a Noun or Pronoun |
| 5) Adverb | → Words that describe a Verb, Adjective or another Adverb |
| 6) Preposition | → Words that show relation |
| 7) Conjunction | → Words that join words, phrases or clauses |
| 8) Interjection | → Words that express sudden feeling or emotion |

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Aspect Studies

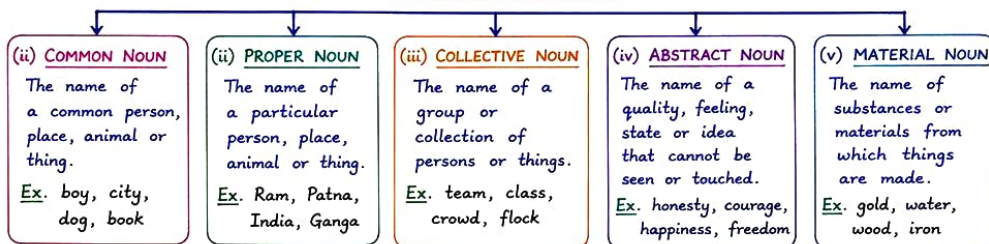
= NOUN =

1. DEFINITION

- A Noun is a word used to name a person, place, animal, thing or idea.

A Noun is a naming word. It is the name of a person, place, animal, thing or idea. It is one of the most important parts of speech.

2. TYPES OF NOUN



3. EXAMPLES

- Common Noun – pen, city, bird, river, book
- Proper Noun – Rohan, Delhi, Taj Mahal, Ganga, Monday
- Collective Noun – army, flock, audience, group, swarm
- Abstract Noun – love, joy, fear, time, wisdom
- Material Noun – steel, brick, oil, sand, paper

4. GENDER (लिंग)

- Masculine Gender – Ram, boy, king
- Feminine Gender – Sita, girl, queen
- Common Gender – teacher, doctor, child
- Neuter Gender – book, table, chair

6. CASE (कारक)

CASE	MEANING	EXAMPLE
Nominative Case	Used for the subject	Ram is good.
Objective Case	Used for the object	I saw Ram.
Possessive Case	Used for possession	This is Ram's book.
Vocative Case	Used for calling	Oh! Ram, come here.

5. NUMBER (वचन)

- Singular Number – book, cat, baby
- Plural Number – books, cats, babies

7. COUNTABLE AND UNCOUNTABLE NOUN

COUNTABLE NOUN	UNCOUNTABLE NOUN
- Nouns that can be counted. - Have singular and plural forms. - Ex. book – books, boy – boys	- Nouns that cannot be counted. - Do not have plural forms. - Ex. water, milk, sugar, rice

8. RULES

- A Noun can be the subject or object in a sentence.
- Noun is always used with a noun or a pronoun.
- The first word in a sentence is usually a Noun.

9. EXERCISES

(A) Underline the Nouns in the following sentences.

- The dog is barking loudly.
- Patna is the capital of Bihar.
- Honesty is the best policy.
- I read an interesting book.
- The children are playing in the garden.

(B) Write the kind of Noun.

- Himalaya – _____
- Teacher – _____
- Crowd – _____
- Love – _____
- Water – _____

KEY POINTS

- ★ Noun is a naming word.
- ★ It is the name of a person, place, animal, thing or idea.
- ★ It plays an important role in a sentence.
- ★ There are five main types of Noun.

EXCEPTIONS

- Some nouns have the same form in singular and plural.
Ex. deer, fish, cattle, sheep
- Some nouns are always singular.
Ex. news, information, advice

☆ IMPORTANT ☆

★ Noun is a naming word.

★ It is the name of a person, place, animal, thing or idea.

★ There are five main types of Noun.

1. Common Noun
2. Proper Noun
3. Collective Noun
4. Abstract Noun
5. Material Noun

★ Noun can be subject or object in a sentence.

★ The first word in a sentence is usually a Noun.

★ Noun is always used with a noun or a pronoun.